



Raymond James
43rd Annual Institutional Investors
Conference

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Together, Building the Future

Safe Harbor

Certain statements in this presentation may constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, as amended from time to time. Those forward-looking statements include all statements that are not historical statements of fact, including, without limitation, our 2022 financial outlook, expectations regarding strong demand trends, our business strategies, growth prospects, industry trends, sales opportunities, potential transformative corporate transactions, renewal rent, and operating and financial performance.

Words such as "anticipate(s)," "expect(s)," "intend(s)," "estimate(s)," "foresee(s)," "plan(s)," "believe(s)," "may," "will," "would," "could," "should," "seek(s)" and similar expressions, or the negative of these terms, are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. These statements are based on management's current expectations and beliefs and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that could lead to actual results differing materially from those projected, forecasted or expected. Although we believe that the assumptions underlying the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we can give no assurance that our expectations will be attained. Factors which could materially alter our expectations include, but are not limited to, the future prospects of Windstream, our largest customer; the ability and willingness of our customers to meet and/or perform their obligations under any contractual arrangements entered into with us, including master lease arrangements; the ability of our customers to comply with laws, rules and regulations in the operation of the assets we lease to them; the ability and willingness of our customers to renew their leases with us upon their expiration, and the ability to reposition our properties on the same or better terms in the event of nonrenewal or in the event we replace an existing tenant; the adverse impact of litigation affecting us or our customers; our ability to renew, extend or obtain contracts with significant customers (including customers of the businesses we acquire); the availability of and our ability to identify suitable acquisition opportunities and our ability to acquire and lease the respective properties on favorable terms; the risk that we fail to fully realize the potential benefits of acquisitions or have difficulty integrating acquired companies; our ability to generate sufficient cash flows to service our outstanding indebtedness and fund our capital funding commitments; our ability to access debt and equity capital markets; the impact on our business or the business of our customers as a result of credit rating downgrades and fluctuating interest rates; our ability to retain our key management personnel; our ability to qualify or maintain our status as a real estate investment trust ("REIT"); changes in the U.S. tax law and other state, federal or local laws, whether or not specific to REITs; covenants in our debt agreements that may limit our operational flexibility; our expectations regarding the effect of the COVID-19 pandemic on our results of operations and financial condition; other risks inherent in the communications industry and in the ownership of communications distribution systems, including potential liability relating to environmental matters and illiquidity of real estate investments; and additional factors described in our reports filed with the SEC. Uniti expressly disclaims any obligation to release publicly any updates or revisions to any of the forward-looking statements set forth in this presentation to reflect any change in its expectations or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any statement is based.

This presentation may contain certain supplemental measures of performance that are not required by, or presented in accordance with, accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). Such measures should not be considered as alternatives to GAAP. Further information with respect to and reconciliations of such measures to the nearest GAAP measure can be found herein.

Uniti Company Overview

Uniti Leasing

Owns, Acquires, and Leases Mission-Critical Communications Assets Nationwide to Wholesale Customers on Either an Exclusive or Shared-Tenant Basis

- ✓ Proprietary Strategy and Advantaged REIT Structure
- ✓ Key Metrics:
 - Annual Revenue of \$819 Million⁽¹⁾
 - Annual Adjusted EBITDA of \$797 Million⁽¹⁾
 - ~\$8.3 Billion of Capital Deployed⁽²⁾
 - ~\$6.5 Billion of Revenues Under Contract⁽³⁾
- ✓ High Margin, Minimal Working Capital and Capex Requirements⁽⁴⁾, Long-Term Leases with Escalators
- ✓ Focused on Additional Sale Leaseback, OpCo/PropCo, and Lease-Up Opportunities

Uniti Fiber

Leading Provider of Lit and Dark Fiber Solutions for Wireless Operators, Carriers, Enterprises, Schools and Government, Including Cell Site Backhaul, Small Cells, Internet Service and Wavelengths, with a Primary Focus in the Southeast

- ✓ ~12,500 New Fiber Route Miles and ~950,000 New Fiber Strand Miles Built Over the Past 3 Years
- ✓ Key Metrics:
 - Annual Revenue of \$308 Million⁽¹⁾
 - Annual Adjusted EBITDA of \$118 Million⁽¹⁾
 - ~\$1.6 Billion of Capital Deployed⁽⁵⁾
 - ~\$1.1 Billion of Revenues Under Contract⁽³⁾
- ✓ ~26,300 Customer Connections⁽⁶⁾
- ✓ Focused on Tier II & III Markets and Lease-Up of Recently Completed Anchor Builds

National Network of 128,000 Fiber Route Miles and 7.6 Million Fiber Strand Miles

Note: All information is as of December 31, 2021, unless otherwise noted.

(1) Based on the mid-point of 2022 Outlook range provided in the Company's Earnings Release dated February 25, 2022.

(2) Represents purchase price of TPx, CableSouth, and Bluebird, purchase price for fiber acquisition from Lumen Technologies (formerly CenturyLink), the net fair value of the dark fiber IRU and other assets acquired from Windstream as part of our settlement agreement, and Enterprise Value at time of spin-off from Windstream. See Glossary for explanation of Enterprise Value calculation.

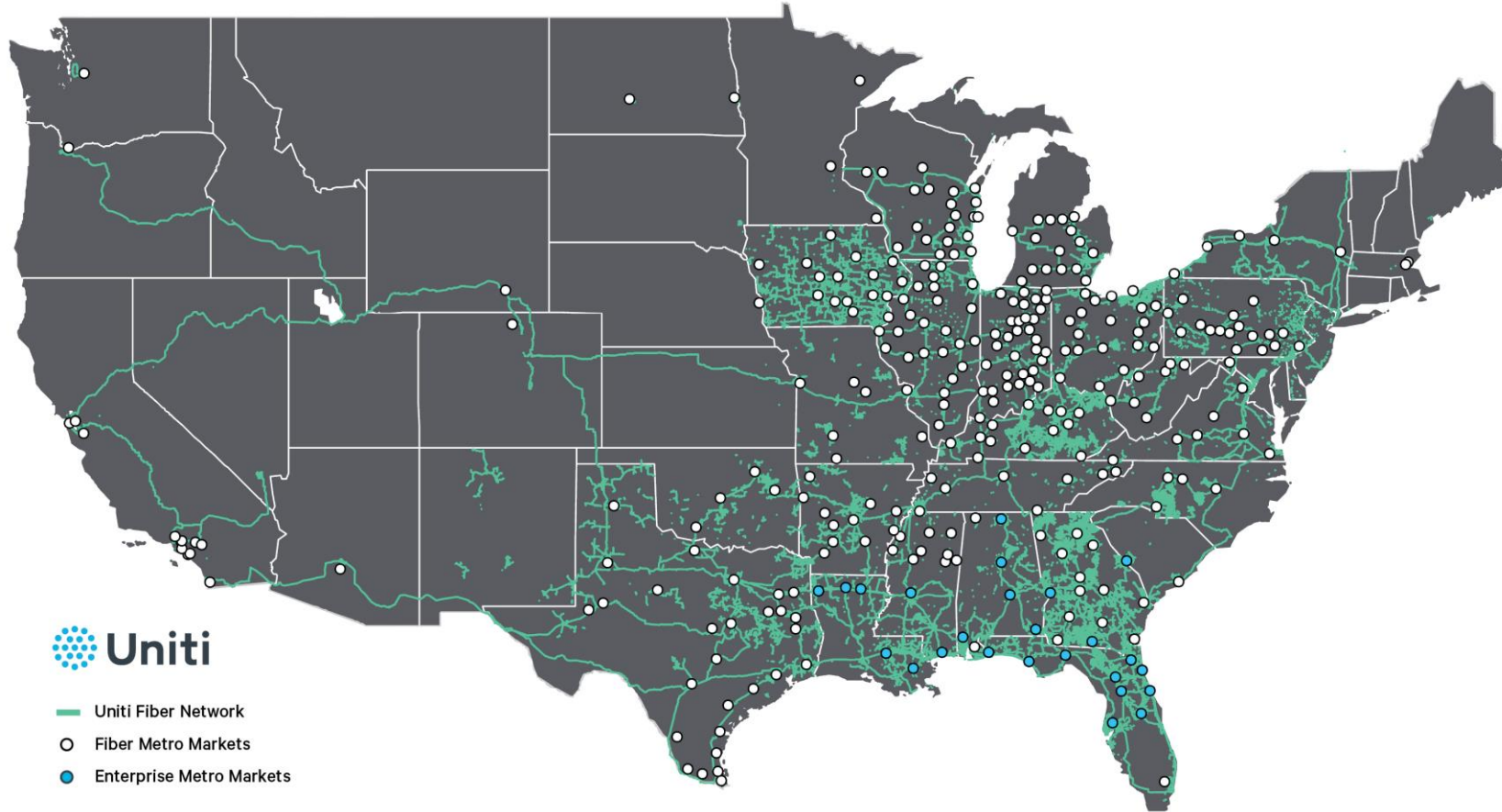
(3) Contracts are subject to termination under certain conditions and/or may not be renewed. Actual Revenues Under Contract could vary materially.

(4) Excludes capital commitments related to the GCI program.

(5) Represents aggregate purchase price of acquired entities at Uniti Fiber.

(6) Represents customer connections, both fiber and microwave.

Uniti's National Fiber Network



Fiber Route Miles⁽¹⁾

~128,000

Fiber Strand Miles⁽¹⁾

~7,600,000

Route Miles Constructed⁽²⁾

~12,500

Small Cells⁽³⁾

~2,500

Buildings Passed⁽⁴⁾

250,000+

Total Metro Markets⁽⁵⁾

~300

Top 10 Largest Fiber Provider in the U.S.⁽⁶⁾

(1) As of December 31, 2021.

(2) Represents new fiber route miles constructed at Uniti Fiber since 1/1/2018, and new fiber route miles constructed associated with the Windstream GCI program.

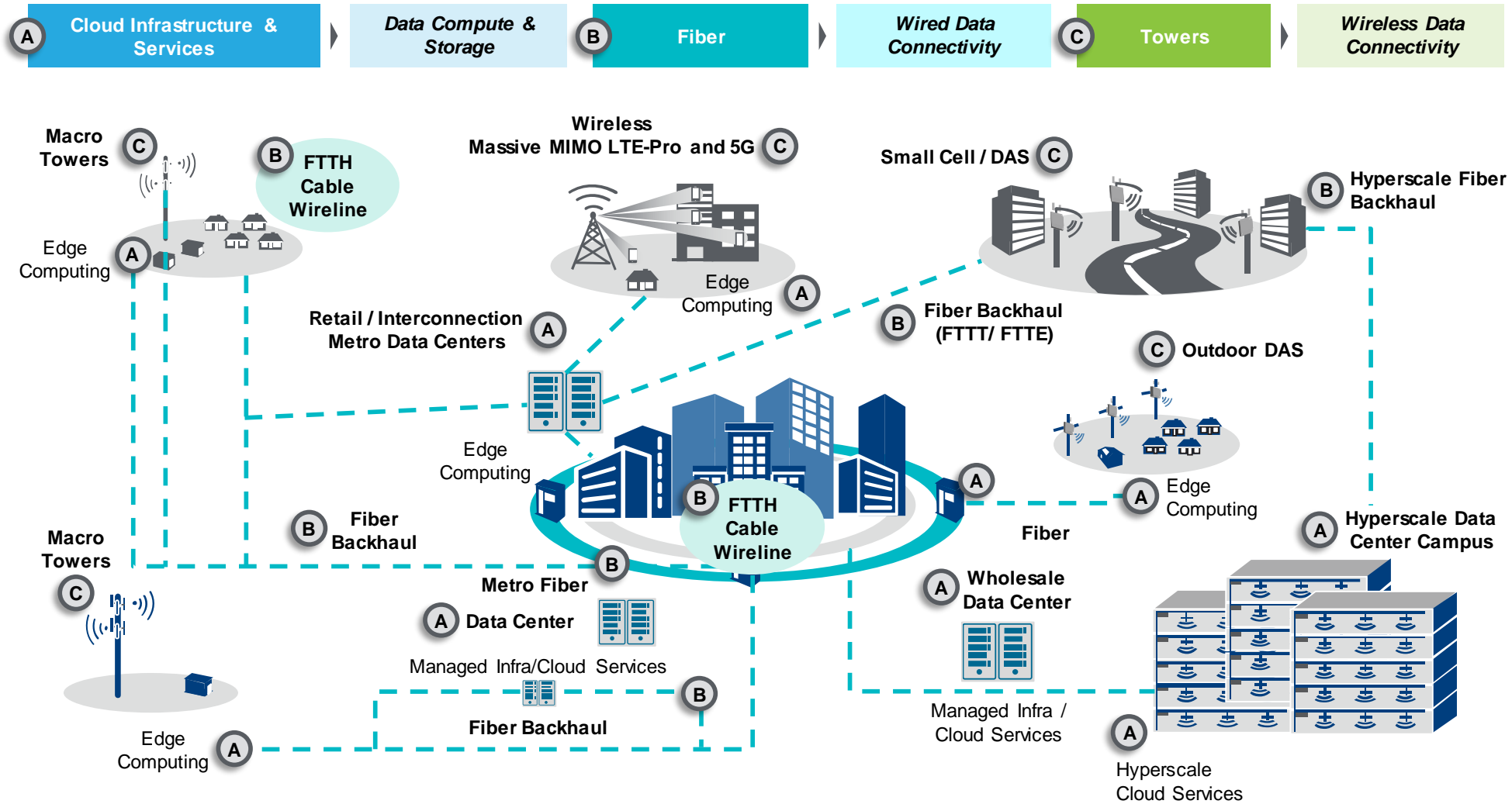
(3) Includes small cells in service or in backlog.

(4) Represents on-net and near-net buildings passed on Uniti Fiber's network.

(5) Represents the number of markets served by Uniti owned metro fiber or enterprise services.

(6) Source: Kagan and company estimates.

All Communication Infrastructure End Markets Rely on Fiber



Fiber is the Critical Component to Enabling Today's Communications Infrastructure

Windstream Lease (2030 Renewal)

	“Windstream View” Estimated Values & Methodology ⁽¹⁾	“Windstream View” Adjusted to “Big Four” Appraisal Methodology ⁽²⁾	2020 “Big Four” Appraisal Estimated Values & Methodology (<u>Partial Use of GCI</u>) ⁽³⁾	2020 “Big Four” Appraisal Estimated Values & Methodology (<u>Full Use of GCI</u>) ⁽⁴⁾
2030 Fair Market Value	\$4.9 Billion	\$5.7 Billion	\$6.7 Billion	\$7.2 Billion
2035 Residual Value	\$4.1 Billion	\$3.2 Billion	\$3.7 Billion	\$3.9 Billion
2030 Lease Rate	8.0%	8.0%	9.2%	9.2%
2030 Annual Cash Rent	\$197 Million	~\$600 Million	~\$750 Million	>\$800 Million

Windstream’s 2030 Renewal Rent Methodology Materially Inconsistent with 2015 & 2020 “Big Four” Appraisal Reports

(1) Reflects Windstream disclosure on November 15, 2021.

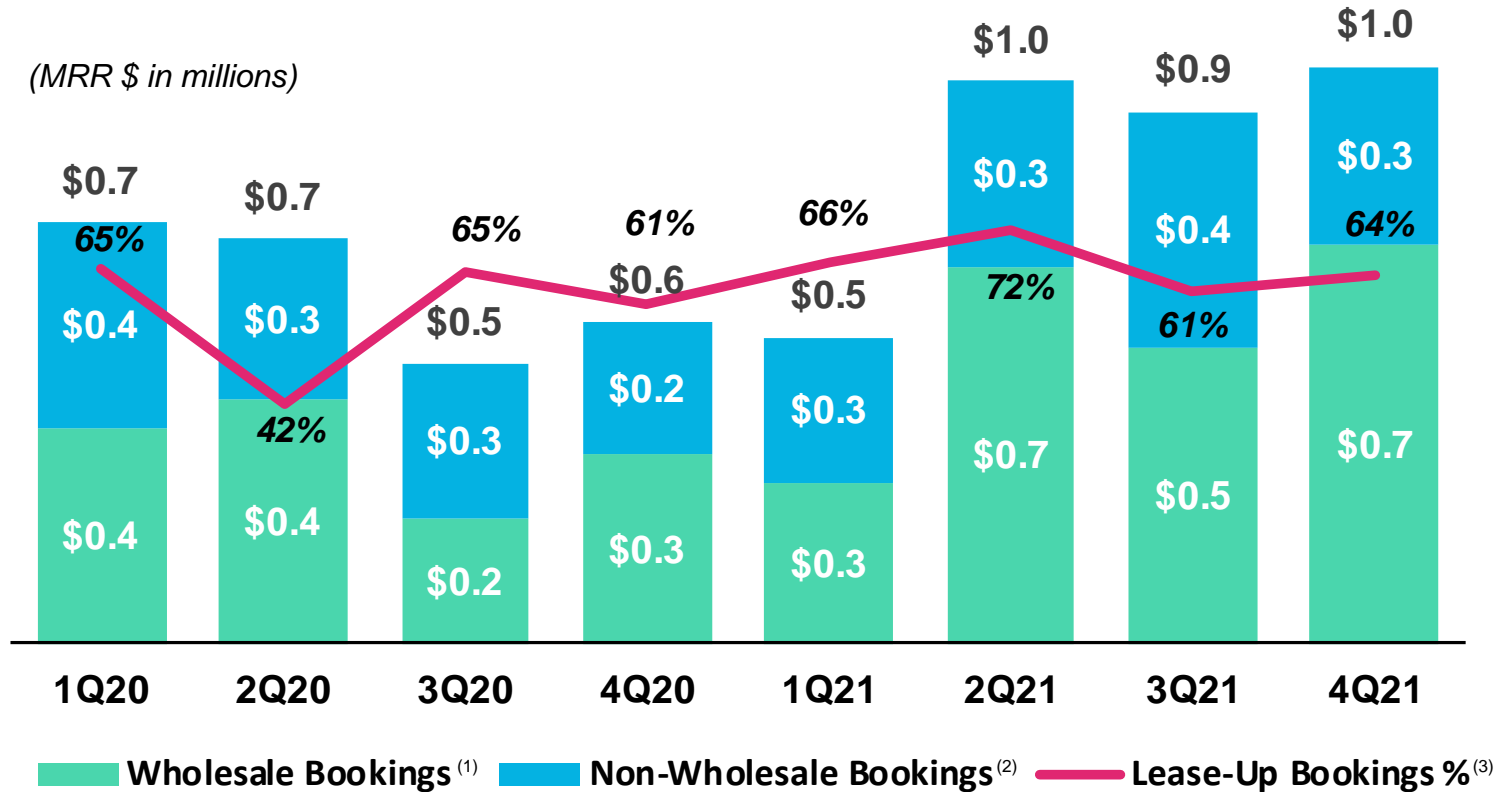
(2) Reflects Windstream disclosure adjusted to methodology consistent with both the 3rd party appraisal report Uniti received in 2020 in conjunction with the settlement agreement with Windstream and the appraisal report received in 2015, including discounting the residual value correctly and adding back CLEC fair market value removed of \$0.8 billion, while keeping all other Windstream assumptions unchanged.

(3) Based on independent 3rd party valuation report Uniti received in 2020 in conjunction with the settlement agreement with Windstream. Based on Windstream utilizing \$1.6 billion of the GCI program and the value of the GCI investments appreciates at an annual growth rate of 1.5% over the remaining initial term of the Master Lease agreements. “Big Four” appraisal considered multiple valuation methodologies, including cost, income and market methods, among others, as well as Exhibit E of the Master Lease agreements.

(4) Reflects “Big Four” appraisal report adjusted for the full utilization of the GCI program by Windstream of \$1.75 billion, and the value of the GCI investments appreciates at an annual growth rate of 4.5% over the remaining initial term of the Master Lease agreements.

Consolidated New Sales Bookings

- Consolidated New Sales Bookings MRR of ~\$1 Million in the Fourth Quarter of 2021
 - Represents an 80% Increase from the Fourth Quarter of 2020
 - 2021 Full Year New Sales Bookings of ~\$3.5 Million; An Increase of ~40% from Full Year 2020
- Growth Driven by Continued Lease-Up of Our National Owned Fiber Network



Healthy Mix of Both Wholesale and Non-Wholesale Opportunities Driving Robust Growth



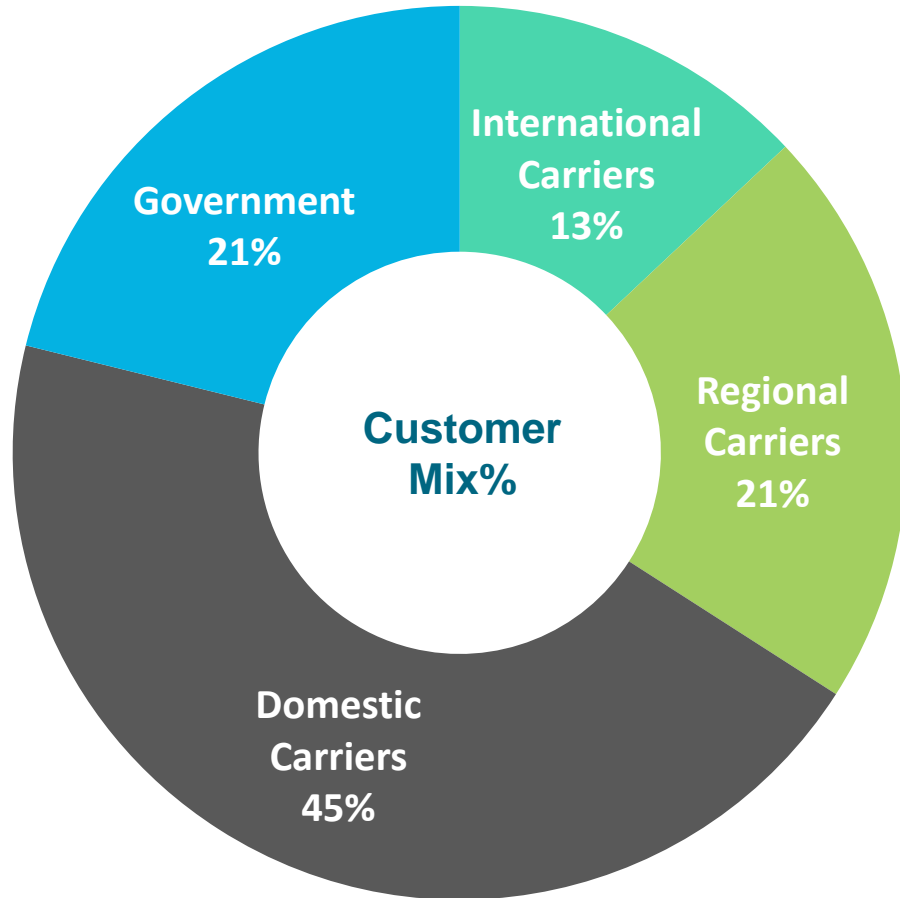
Note: Amounts may not foot due to rounding.

(1) Wholesale Bookings include Uniti Leasing bookings, and wireless and wholesale bookings at Uniti Fiber.

(2) Non-Wholesale Bookings include enterprise, E-Rate and government bookings at Uniti Fiber.

(3) Represents percentage of total bookings that comes from lease-up sold on our major wireless anchor builds and lease-up sold at Uniti Leasing.

Uniti Leasing Sales Pipeline⁽¹⁾



Uniti Leasing Sales Pipeline Overview

- **Number of Opportunities:** 240
- **Total Contract Value in Pipeline:** ~ \$1.6 Billion
- **Annual Revenue in Pipeline⁽²⁾:** ~ \$95 Million

Uniti Leasing Contracted Revenue

- **Revenues Under Contract⁽³⁾:** ~ \$894 Million
- **Average Contract Term Remaining⁽³⁾:** ~ 14.5 Years

~70% of Opportunities Utilize Fiber Acquired from Windstream

Growth Capital Investments Overview

	2015 - 2020	2021 ⁽¹⁾	Cumulative
TCI Investment⁽²⁾	~\$818 Million	~\$140 Million	~\$1.0 Billion
GCI Investment⁽³⁾	~\$85 Million	~\$221 Million	~\$306 Million
Total Network Investment⁽⁴⁾	~\$903 Million	~\$361 Million	~\$1.3 Billion
TCI Revenue⁽⁵⁾	~\$108 Million	~\$39 Million	~\$147 Million
Annualized Cash Rent from GCI Investments	~\$7 Million	~\$18 Million	~\$25 Million
% of Copper Network Overbuilt with Fiber⁽⁶⁾	~14.4% to ~17.9%	~20.6%	~20.6%
Fiber Route Miles Constructed⁽⁷⁾	~6,650	~5,850	~12,500

GCI Program “Facilitates Future Proofing” of Uniti’s Network

(1) As of December 31, 2021.

(2) Represents tenant capital improvements made by Windstream.

(3) Represents growth capital investments made by Uniti.

(4) Represents combined TCI and GCI investments.

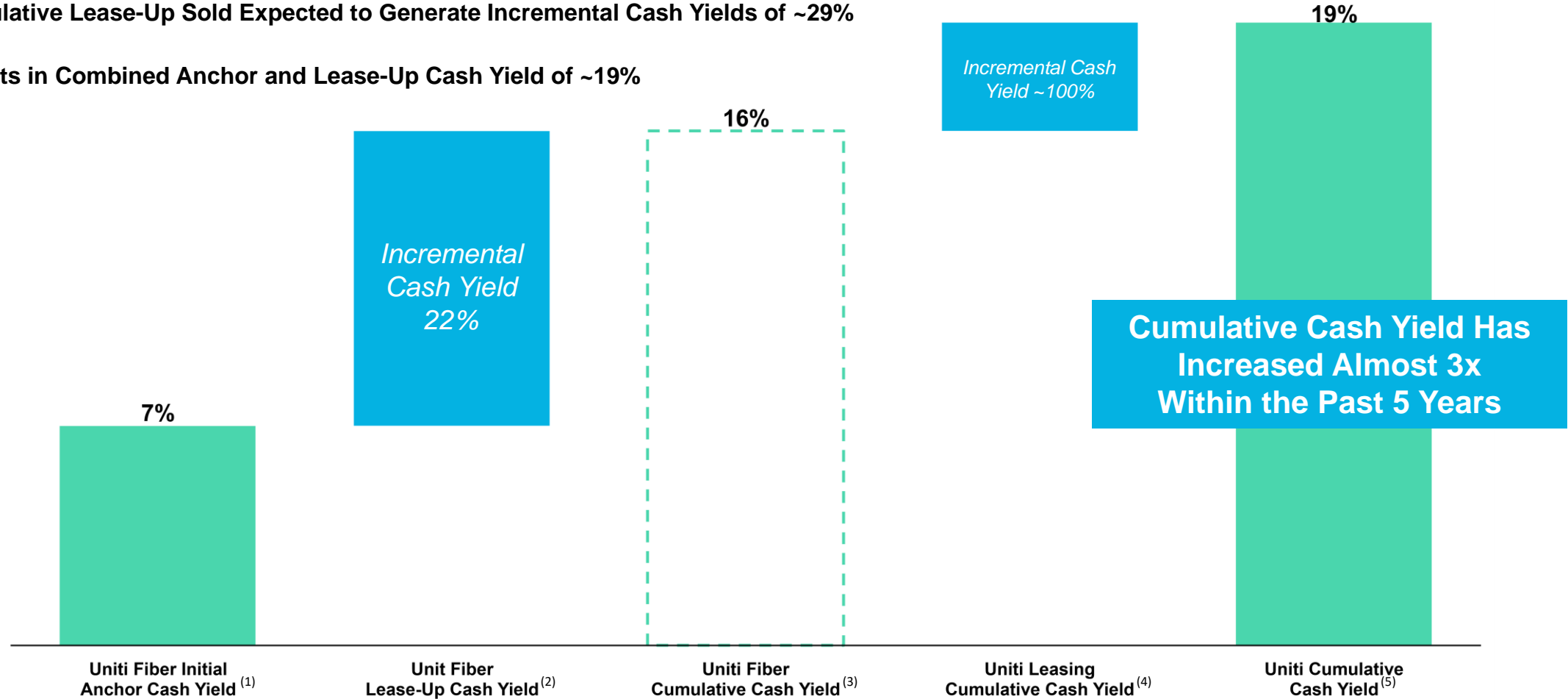
(5) Represents reported non-cash revenue related to the amortization of tenant capital improvements made by Windstream.

(6) Represents the percentage of the copper network that is part of our Master Lease agreements with Windstream that has been overbuilt with fiber from TCI and GCI investments.

(7) Represents new fiber route miles constructed at Uniti Fiber since 1/1/2018, and new fiber route miles constructed associated with the Windstream GCI program.

Cumulative Uniti Lease-Up

- Initial Aggregate Cash Yields on Major Wireless Anchor Builds of ~7%
- Cumulative Lease-Up Sold Expected to Generate Incremental Cash Yields of ~29%
- Results in Combined Anchor and Lease-Up Cash Yield of ~19%



Proven Track Record of Lease-up Provides Significant Upside on Fiber Acquired from Windstream

(1) Calculated as expected annualized recurring cash flow on major wireless anchor builds at Uniti Fiber divided by the related net capital investment on the anchor builds of ~\$205 million.

(2) Calculated as expected annualized recurring cash flow from lease-up sold on major wireless anchor builds from the time the project started through December 31, 2021, divided by the related net capital investment on the lease-up of ~\$297 million.

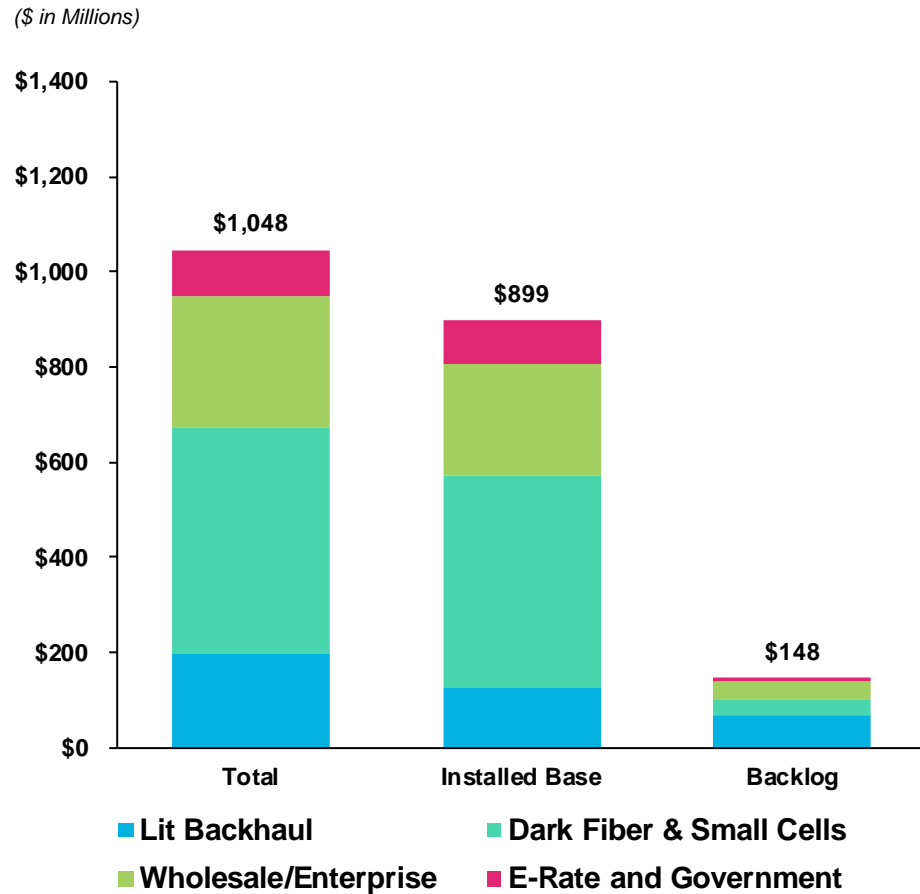
(3) Represents expected initial cash yield on major wireless anchor builds plus expected incremental yield from lease-up sold to-date.

(4) Calculated as expected annualized recurring cash flow from lease-up sold to-date through December 31, 2021 at Uniti Leasing divided by capital spent to acquire fiber assets from Lumen Technologies (formerly CenturyLink), net of upfront customer IRU payments received.

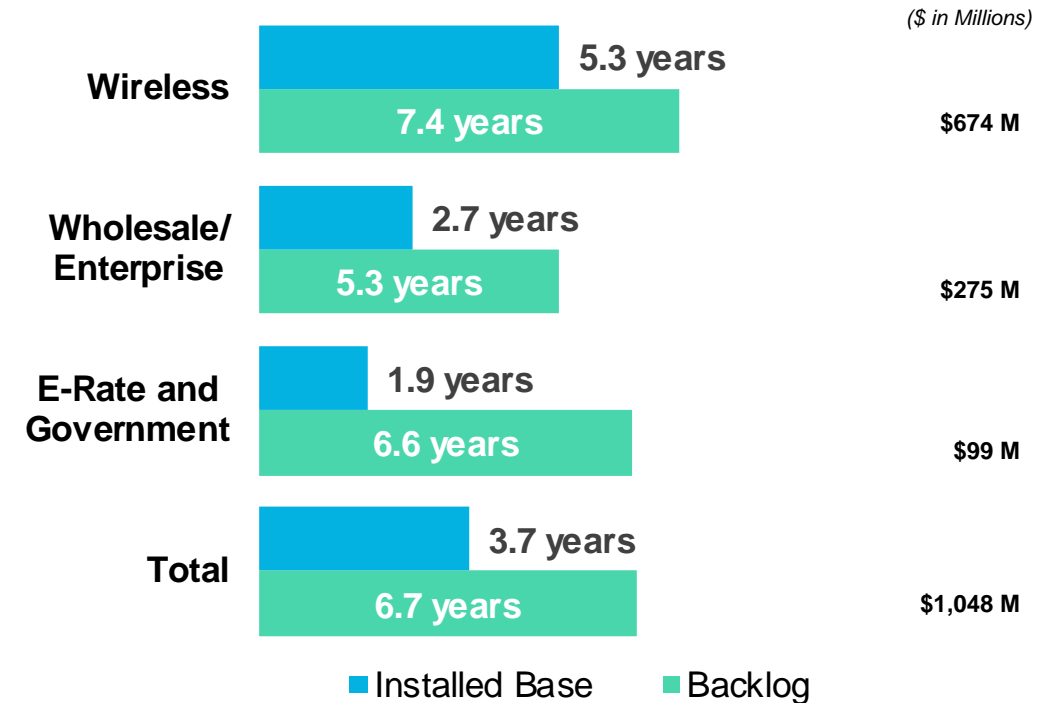
(5) Represents expected cumulative cash yield on major wireless anchor builds plus lease-up at Uniti Fiber and reflects capital spent to acquire fiber assets from Lumen Technologies (formerly CenturyLink) and lease-up of those assets at Uniti Leasing.

Uniti Fiber Revenues Under Contract⁽¹⁾

4Q21 Revenues Under Contract



Remaining Contract Life



Total Revenues Under Contract of ~\$1.1 Billion with Average Remaining Term of ~4 Years

Uniti Facts

S&P SmallCap 600 Company	Uniti Leasing	Uniti Fiber	Small Cells
~ \$8.2B	~ \$6.5B	~ \$1.1B	~ 2,500
Enterprise Value	Revenues Under Contract ⁽²⁾	Revenues Under Contract ⁽²⁾	Installed or in Backlog
Annual Revenue ⁽¹⁾	Net Leverage ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	Net Secured Leverage ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	Near Term Debt Maturities ⁽⁴⁾
~ \$1.1B	5.55x	3.22x	0%
Fiber Route Miles	Leasing Segment EBITDA Margin	Cumulative Investments ⁽⁵⁾	Annual Maintenance Capex ⁽⁶⁾
~ 128,000	97%	~ \$2.0B	~ \$7M

First Diversified Communication Infrastructure REIT

Note: All information is as of December 31, 2021, unless otherwise noted. Market data as of February 28, 2022.

(1) Based on the mid-point of 2022 Outlook range provided in the Company's Earnings Release dated February 25, 2022.

(2) Contracts are subject to termination under certain conditions and/or may not be renewed, so actual revenue under contract could vary materially.

(3) Net Debt or Net Secured Debt, as applicable, to 4Q21 annualized Adjusted EBITDA. See Appendix for a reconciliation of annualized Adjusted EBITDA to Net Income, the most closely comparable GAAP metric.

(4) Excludes settlement payable of \$239 million related to the Windstream settlement agreement.

(5) Represents purchase price of TPx, CableSouth, and Bluebird transactions, fiber acquisition from Lumen Technologies (formerly CenturyLink), the net fair value of the dark fiber IRU and other assets acquired from Windstream as part of our settlement agreement, and aggregate purchase price of acquired entities at Uniti Fiber.

(6) Based on management's estimate.

Uniti is a Unique Opportunity in Communications Infrastructure

Capitalizing on Strong Demand for Communications Infrastructure

Fiber Focused Diversified Communications REIT

Proven Track Record of Value Creating M&A

Creating Significant Value Through Proven Execution

- Wireless Carrier Multi-Year Investment Cycle Required for 5G Network Densification
- Increased Exposure to Growing Broadband Infrastructure (i.e. Fiber-to-the-Home) Through GCI Program
- Evolving Technologies, Architectures, and New Use Cases Require Deep Dense Fiber
- Differentiated Fiber Centric Investment Strategy Focused on Tier II and Tier III Markets
- Diversified Business Platforms
- Multiple Proprietary Private Letter Rulings Enhance Unique REIT Advantages
- ~ \$2 Billion of Capital Deployed Since Spin in April 2015⁽¹⁾
- Executed Numerous Transactions – Acquisitions, Sale-Leasebacks, Minority Investments and Dark Fiber IRU's
- Created 8th Largest Fiber Network Through Proprietary Transactions⁽²⁾
- Over 90% of Uniti's Revenue is Recurring⁽³⁾
- Company Wide Monthly Churn of ~0.2%
- Company Wide Net Success Based Capex Intensity of ~35%
- ~ \$8 Billion of Revenues Under Contract with ~ 9 Years of Contract Term Remaining

Note: All information is as of December 31, 2021, unless otherwise noted.

(1) Represents purchase price of TPx, CableSouth, and Bluebird, purchase price for fiber acquisition from Lumen Technologies (formerly CenturyLink), the net fair value of the dark fiber IRU and other assets acquired from Windstream as part of our settlement agreement, and aggregate purchase price of acquired entities at Uniti Fiber.

(2) Source: Kagan and company estimates.

(3) Excluding DOT/ITS construction and Talk America Services.

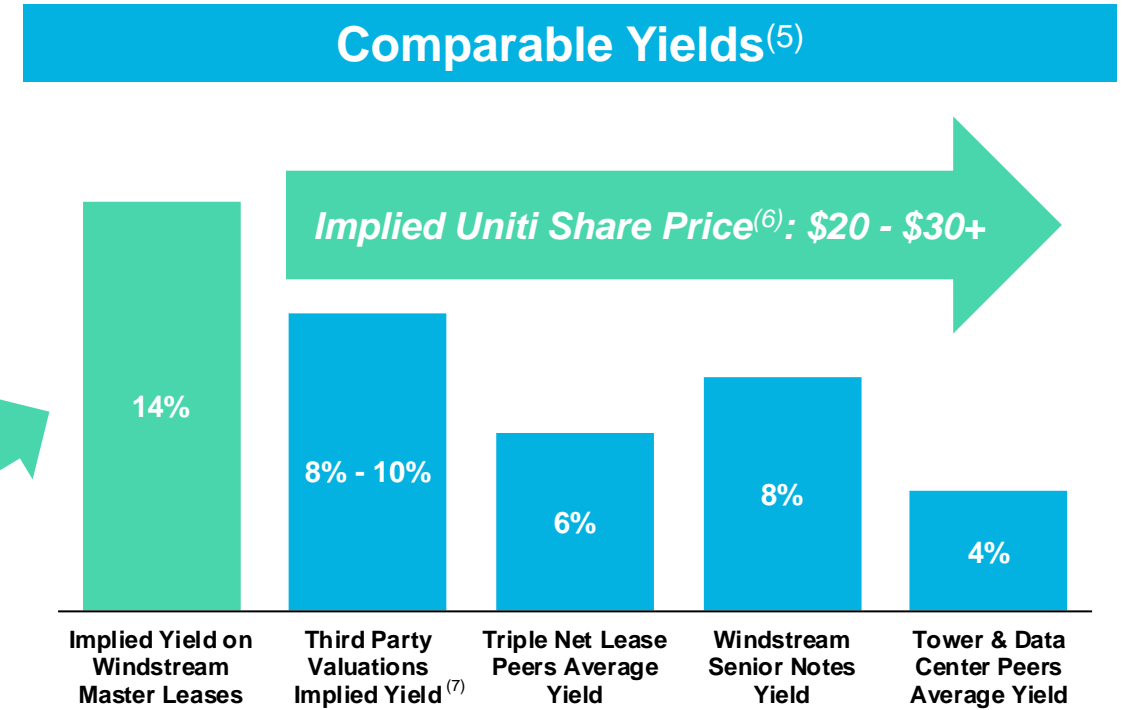
Appendix



Uniti Valuation Compared to Peers

\$ in millions

Current Firm Value⁽¹⁾	\$8,177
Uniti 2022 Non-Windstream Adjusted EBITDA ⁽²⁾	\$168
Assumed Valuation Multiple ⁽³⁾	15x - 20x
Non-Windstream Asset Value⁽⁴⁾	\$2,940
Implied Value of Windstream Master Leases	\$5,237
Uniti 2022 Remaining Adjusted EBITDA ⁽²⁾	\$722
Implied Yield on Windstream Master Leases	14%



Uniti Continues to Trade at a Substantial Discount to its Peers

(1) Represents Uniti's enterprise value. Net debt is as of December 31, 2021. Market data is as of February 28, 2022.

(2) Based on the mid-point of 2022 Outlook range provided in the Company's Earnings Release dated February 25, 2022. Non-Windstream Adjusted EBITDA includes Uniti Fiber and non-Windstream Uniti Leasing Adjusted EBITDA. 2022 Remaining Adjusted EBITDA includes Adjusted EBITDA related to the Windstream Master Lease agreements, net of corporate expenses of \$25 million.

(3) Illustrative of representative precedent fiber transactions.

(4) Represents the mid-point of the assumed valuation multiple of 17.5x multiplied by 2022 Non-Windstream Adjusted EBITDA.

(5) Tower, data center, and triple net lease peers source: Green Street Research. Peers average reflects weighted average nominal cap rates for each sector. Windstream senior notes yield reflects recent yield to worst on Windstream's 7.750% 1st lien notes due 2028.

(6) Reflects implied share price range of Uniti common shares based on the implied comparable yield on the Windstream Master Lease agreements.

(7) Represents third party valuations received in 2015 as part of the spin-off from Windstream and received in 2020 in connection with Windstream's emergence from bankruptcy.

Reconciliation of Uniti Non-GAAP Financial Measures⁽¹⁾

\$ in Millions

	Uniti 4Q21
Net income	\$35.9
Depreciation and amortization	79.8
Interest expense	104.5
Income tax benefit	(5.2)
EBITDA	\$215.0
Stock-based compensation	2.9
Adjustments for unconsolidated entities	0.9
Transaction related costs & Other	12.3
Adjusted EBITDA	\$231.1
Annualized Adjusted EBITDA⁽²⁾	\$924.3

Reconciliation of Uniti Non-GAAP Financial Measures⁽¹⁾

\$ in Millions

	2022 Outlook ⁽²⁾			
	Leasing ⁽²⁾	Uniti Fiber ⁽²⁾	Corporate ⁽²⁾	Uniti ⁽²⁾
Net income (loss) ⁽³⁾	\$614	(\$1)	(\$420)	\$194
Depreciation and amortization	169	126	-	295
Interest expense	-	-	388	388
Income tax expense (benefit)	7	(11)	-	(5)
EBITDA	\$790	\$115	(\$33)	\$872
Stock-based compensation	1	3	8	12
Adjustments for unconsolidated entities	3	-	-	3
Transaction related costs & Other	3	-	-	3
Adjusted EBITDA	\$797	\$118	(\$25)	\$890

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We refer to EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, Funds From Operations (“FFO”) (as defined by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts (“NAREIT”)) and Adjusted Funds From Operations (“AFFO”) in our analysis of our results of operations, which are not required by, or presented in accordance with, accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“GAAP”). While we believe that net income, as defined by GAAP, is the most appropriate earnings measure, we also believe that EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, FFO and AFFO are important non-GAAP supplemental measures of operating performance for a REIT.

We define “EBITDA” as net income, as defined by GAAP, before interest expense, provision for income taxes and depreciation and amortization. We define “Adjusted EBITDA” as EBITDA before stock-based compensation expense and the impact, which may be recurring in nature, of transaction and integration related costs, costs associated with Windstream’s bankruptcy, costs associated with litigation claims made against us, and costs associated with the implementation of our enterprise resource planning system, (collectively, “Transaction Related and Other Costs”), costs related to the settlement with Windstream, goodwill impairment charges, executive severance costs, amortization of non-cash rights-of-use assets, the write off of unamortized deferred financing costs, costs incurred as a result of the early repayment of debt, including early tender and redemption premiums and costs associated with the termination of related hedging activities, gains or losses on dispositions, changes in the fair value of contingent consideration and financial instruments, and other similar or infrequent items (although we may not have had such charges in the periods presented). Adjusted EBITDA includes adjustments to reflect the Company’s share of Adjusted EBITDA from unconsolidated entities. We believe EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are important supplemental measures to net income because they provide additional information to evaluate our operating performance on an unleveraged basis. In addition, Adjusted EBITDA is calculated similar to defined terms in our material debt agreements used to determine compliance with specific financial covenants. Since EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are not measures calculated in accordance with GAAP, they should not be considered as alternatives to net income determined in accordance with GAAP.

Because the historical cost accounting convention used for real estate assets requires the recognition of depreciation expense except on land, such accounting presentation implies that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. However, since real estate values have historically risen or fallen with market and other conditions, presentations of operating results for a REIT that uses historical cost accounting for depreciation could be less informative. Thus, NAREIT created FFO as a supplemental measure of operating performance for REITs that excludes historical cost depreciation and amortization, among other items, from net income, as defined by GAAP. FFO is defined by NAREIT as net income attributable to common shareholders computed in accordance with GAAP, excluding gains or losses from real estate dispositions, plus real estate depreciation and amortization and impairment charges, and includes adjustments to reflect the Company’s share of FFO from unconsolidated entities. We compute FFO in accordance with NAREIT’s definition.

The Company defines AFFO, as FFO excluding (i) Transaction Related and Other Costs; (ii) costs related to the litigation settlement with Windstream, accretion on our settlement obligation, and gains on the prepayment of our settlement obligation as these items are not reflective of ongoing operating performance; (iii) goodwill impairment charges; (iv) certain non-cash revenues and expenses such as stock-based compensation expense, amortization of debt and equity discounts, amortization of deferred financing costs, depreciation and amortization of non-real estate assets, amortization of non-cash rights-of-use assets, straight line revenues, non-cash income taxes, and the amortization of other non-cash revenues to the extent that cash has not been received, such as revenue associated with the amortization of tenant capital improvements; and (v) the impact, which may be recurring in nature, of the write-off of unamortized deferred financing fees, additional costs incurred as a result of the early repayment of debt, including early tender and redemption premiums and costs associated with the termination of related hedging activities, executive severance costs, taxes associated with tax basis cancellation of debt, gains or losses on dispositions, changes in the fair value of contingent consideration and financial instruments and similar or infrequent items less maintenance capital expenditures. AFFO includes adjustments to reflect the Company’s share of AFFO from unconsolidated entities. We believe that the use of FFO and AFFO, and their respective per share amounts, combined with the required GAAP presentations, improves the understanding of operating results of REITs among investors and analysts, and makes comparisons of operating results among such companies more meaningful. We consider FFO and AFFO to be useful measures for reviewing comparative operating performance. In particular, we believe AFFO, by excluding certain revenue and expense items, can help investors compare our operating performance between periods and to other REITs on a consistent basis without having to account for differences caused by unanticipated items and events, such as transaction and integration related costs. The Company uses FFO and AFFO, and their respective per share amounts, only as performance measures, and FFO and AFFO do not purport to be indicative of cash available to fund our future cash requirements. While FFO and AFFO are relevant and widely used measures of operating performance of REITs, they do not represent cash flows from operations or net income as defined by GAAP and should not be considered an alternative to those measures in evaluating our liquidity or operating performance.

Further, our computations of EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, FFO and AFFO may not be comparable to that reported by other REITs or companies that do not define FFO in accordance with the current NAREIT definition or that interpret the current NAREIT definition or define EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and AFFO differently than we do.

Glossary

4G: The fourth generation of cellular wireless standards that is widely deployed by cellular operators today with the ability to transport data at rates up to 100 MBPS Internet access for mobile users.

5G: The fifth generation of cellular wireless standards that began to be deployed in 2019, with expected wide scale deployment over the next year. 5G has the ability to transport data with low latency and at rates of up to 1 GBPS for both stationary and mobile users.

Adjusted EBITDA: Adjusted EBITDA is defined as EBITDA before stock-based compensation expense and the impact, which may be recurring in nature, of transaction and integration related costs, costs associated with Windstream's bankruptcy, costs associated with litigation claims made against us, and costs associated with the implementation of our new enterprise resource planning system (collectively, "Transaction Related and Other Costs"), the write off of unamortized deferred financing costs, costs incurred as a result of the early repayment of debt, gains or losses on dispositions, changes in the fair value of contingent consideration and financial instruments, and other similar or infrequent items.

Backbone: A major fiber optic network that interconnects smaller networks including regional and metropolitan networks. It is the through-portion of a transmission network, as opposed to laterals and spurs which branch off to connect customer locations.

Bandwidth Infrastructure: Lit and dark bandwidth provided over fiber networks. These services are commonly used to transport telecom services, such as wireless, data, voice, Internet and video traffic between locations. These locations frequently include cellular towers, network-neutral and network specific data centers, carrier hotels, mobile switching centers, CATV head ends and satellite uplink sites, ILEC central offices, and other key buildings that house telecommunications and computer equipment. Bandwidth Infrastructure services that are lit (i.e. provided by using optronics that "light" the fiber) include Ethernet and Wavelength services. Bandwidth Infrastructure services that are not lit are sold as dark-fiber capacity.

Churn: Decline in MRR, such as disconnects, bandwidth downgrades, and price reductions. Includes decline in MRR related to lit backhaul sites converting to dark fiber.

Conduit: A pipe, usually made of metal, ceramic or plastic, that protects buried fiber optic cables.

Core Adjusted EBITDA: Represents Adjusted EBITDA principally generated from leasing and lit services of the fiber network, as well as Adjusted EBITDA that are ancillary to the fiber network, including managed services. Core Adjusted EBITDA also includes non-recurring Adjusted EBITDA that is related to our core operations, such as equipment sales, certain construction projects, and early termination fees. Core Adjusted EBITDA excludes non-recurring Adjusted EBITDA that is not core to our operations, such as non-core construction projects.

Glossary

Core Revenue: Represents revenue principally generated from leasing and lit services of the fiber network, as well as revenues that are ancillary to the fiber network, including managed services. Core Revenue also includes non-recurring revenue that is related to our core operations, such as equipment sales, certain construction projects, and early termination fees. Core Revenue excludes non-recurring revenue that is not core to our operations, such as non-core construction projects.

Dark Fiber: Fiber that has not yet been connected to telecommunications transmission equipment or optronics and, therefore, has not yet been activated or “lit”.

Enterprise Value: Net Debt plus fair value of preferred equity plus market value of outstanding common stock and OP units.

Ethernet: Ethernet is the standard local area network (LAN) protocol. Ethernet was originally specified to connect devices on a company or home network as well as to a cable modem or DSL modem for Internet access. Due to its ubiquity in the LAN, Ethernet has become a popular transmission protocol in metropolitan, regional and long haul networks as well.

Fiber Optics: Fiber, or fiber optic cables, are thin filaments of glass through which light beams are transmitted over long distances.

Fiber Strand Miles: Fiber strand miles are the number of route miles in a network multiplied by the number of fiber strands within each cable on the network. For example, if a ten mile network segment has a 24 count fiber installed, it would represent 10 x 24 or 240 fiber miles.

FTT (Fiber-to-the-Tower): FTT are laterals or spurs that connect cell sites to the wider terrestrial network via fiber optic connections.

Gross Installs: MRR related to services that have been installed and are billable in a given period. Includes MRR related to new services installed and bandwidth upgrades.

Growth Capital Investments (“GCI”): Capital expenditures on long-term, value-accretive fiber and related assets in the ILEC and CLEC territories owned by Uniti and leased to Windstream.

Integration Capex: Capital expenditures made specifically with respect to recent acquisitions that are essential to integrating acquired companies in our business.

Glossary

Lateral/Spur: An extension from the main or core portion of a network to a customer's premises or other connection point.

Maintenance Capex: Capital expenditures related to maintaining and preserving the existing network and related equipment.

Mbps: A measure of telecommunications transmission speed. One megabit equals one million bits of information.

Mobile Switching Centers: Buildings where wireless service providers house their Internet routers and voice switching equipment.

Monthly Churn Rate: Monthly churn rate is calculated as monthly Churn divided by MRR on the last day of the preceding period.

MRR (Monthly recurring revenue): Monthly recurring revenue generated based on the price that the customer is expected to pay over the initial term, including any pricing escalators or discounts. MRR also includes monthly revenue related to the amortization of upfront payments by customers. Our presentation of MRR is not a guarantee of future revenues and should not be viewed as a predictor of future annual revenues.

Net Debt: Principal amount of debt outstanding, less unrestricted cash and cash equivalents.

Net Secured Debt: Principal amount of secured debt outstanding, less unrestricted cash and cash equivalents.

Net Success-Based Capex: Success-Based Capex less associated upfront customer payments. Does not include net capital expenditures related to integration, maintenance, and other, such as IT-related capex.

NOC: Network operations center is a location that is used to monitor networks, troubleshoot network degradations and outages, and ensure customer network outages and other network degradations are restored.

Nodes: Points on a network that can receive, create, or transmit communication services.

NRC (non-recurring charge): Upfront customer payments that are primarily associated with an executed fiber-related contract that utilizes either newly constructed or already owned fiber, and the fiber is intended to be owned by Uniti on a long-term basis.

Optronics: Various types of equipment that are commonly used to light fiber. Optronics include systems that are capable of providing Ethernet, Wavelengths, and other service over fiber optic cable.

Glossary

Pipeline: Reflects sales opportunities or transactions we are currently pursuing. Sales pipeline values represent total contract value of the opportunities we are currently pursuing. M&A pipeline values represent estimated purchase price of deals we are currently pursuing. We have not signed an agreement and are not otherwise committed to consummating any of these sales opportunities or transactions and there can be no assurances that any of these sales opportunities or transactions will be completed. Completed transactions may be realized over several years.

Recurring Revenue: Revenue recognized for ongoing services based on the price that the customer is expected to pay over the initial term, including any pricing escalators or discounts. Recurring Revenue also includes revenue related to the amortization of upfront payments by customers. Our presentation of Recurring Revenue is not a guarantee of future revenues and should not be viewed as a predictor of future annual revenues.

Revenues Under Contract: Total contract value remaining pursuant to existing contracts, some of which may be past their expiration date and currently on a month to month basis. A portion of these contracts are subject to renewal each year, and there can be no assurances that the contracts will be renewed at all or, if they are renewed, that the renewal will not provide for lower rates.

Route miles: Route miles are the length, measured in non-overlapping miles, of a fiber network. Route miles are distinct from fiber strand miles, which is the number of route miles in a network multiplied by the number of fiber strands within each conduit on the network.

Sales Bookings: MRR in a given period relating to orders that have been signed by the customer and accepted by order management.

Small Cells: A site where antennae, electronic communications equipment and power are placed on a utility pole, street light pole or other structure that are generally 25 feet from the ground to create a cell with a smaller radius than that of a Cell Site. By reducing the distance between the antennae, electronic communication equipment and mobile user equipment, small cells can transport data at faster speeds than from a Cell Site. Small cells are connected the cellular network by fiber to a close Cell Site.

Success-Based Capex: Gross capital expenditures related to installing existing or anticipated contractual customer service orders. Does not include capital expenditures related to integration, maintenance, and other, such as IT-related capex.

Switch: A switch is an electronic device that selects the path that voice, data, and Internet traffic take or use on a network.

Total Contract Value: Contract MRR multiplied by the term of the contract in months.

Glossary

Tower: A free standing tower made of steel generally 200 to 400 feet above the ground with a triangular base and three to four sides built on leased parcels of land. Most towers can accommodate Multiple Cell Sites (and multiple tenants).

Transport: A telecommunication service to move data, Internet, voice, video, or wireless traffic from one location to another.

Wavelength: A channel of light that carries telecommunications traffic through the process of wavelength division multiplexing.