UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): June 20, 2019

Uniti Group Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) 001-36708 (Commission File Number) 46-5230630 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

10802 Executive Center Drive Benton Building Suite 300 Little Rock, Arkansas (Address of principal executive offices)

72211 (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (501) 850-0820

Not Applicable

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report.)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

o Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

o Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

o Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

o Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company o

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. o

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock	UNIT	The NASDAQ Global Select Market

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure

On June 20, 2019, Uniti Group Inc. intends to meet with certain investors and has prepared the presentation attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1 in connection with such meetings.

The information contained in this Item 7.01, including the exhibit attached hereto, is being "furnished" and shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of Section 18 of the Exchange Act. The information in this Item 7.01 shall not be incorporated by reference into any registration statement or other document pursuant to the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or into any filing or other document pursuant to the Exchange Act, except as otherwise expressly stated in any such filing.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits

(d) Exhibits

Exhibit Number

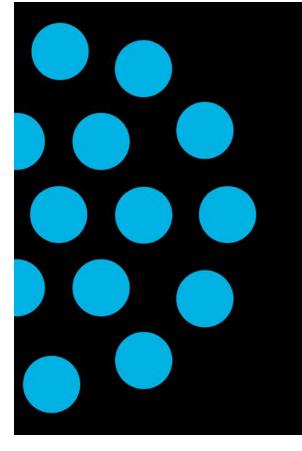
99.1 Uniti Group Inc. Presentation dated June 20, 2019

Description

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.







Wells Fargo Securities 2019 5G Forum

June 20, 2019

Certain statements in this presentation may constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, as amended from time to time. Those forward-looking statements include all statements that are not historical statements of fact, including, without limitation, those regarding impacts to our lease with Windstream Holdings, Inc. (together with its subsidiaries "Windstream") as a result of its pending bankruptcy, our business strategies, growth prospects, industry trends, sales opportunities, operating and financial performance, additional lease-up of our fiber assets, potential M&A activity, the closings and anticipated benefits of the Bluebird transactions, and our 2019 financial outlook.

Words such as "anticipate(s)," "expect(s)," "intend(s)," "estimate(s)," "foresee(s)," "plan(s)," "believe(s)," "may," "will," "would," "could," "should," should," should,

This presentation may contain certain supplemental measures of performance that are not required by, or presented in accordance with, accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). Such measures should not be considered as alternatives to GAAP. Further information with respect to and reconciliations of such measures to the nearest GAAP measure can be found herein.

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Uniti is a Unique Way to Invest in Communications Infrastructure

Only Fiber Focused Diversified Communications REIT

Capitalizing on Strong Demand for Communications Infrastructure

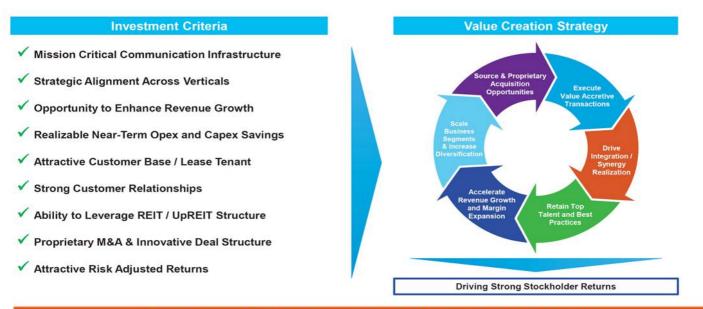
Innovative Transaction Structures with Tax-advantaged & Tailored Solutions

Proven Track Record of Value Creating M&A

Realizing Significant Value From Providing Full Suite of Services

Uniti (1) Includes Bluebird transaction, which is expected to close by the end of 3Q19.

- Differentiated Fiber Centric Investment Strategy Focused on Tier II and Tier III Markets
- Diversified Business Platforms Across All Asset Classes
- Multiple Proprietary Private Letter Rulings Enhance Unique REIT Advantages
- Wireless Carrier Multi-Year Investment Cycle Required for 5G Network Densification
- Evolving Technologies, Architectures, and New Use Cases Require Deep Dense Fiber
- Transaction Structures include Entity Level M&A; Sale-Leaseback, OpCo-PropCo, JV's, and CapEx Funding
- UpREIT OP Units as Acquisition Currency Provide Valuable Tax Deferral and Timing Benefits to Sellers
- * ~\$2 Billion of Capital Deployed Since Spin in April 2015
- Executed Numerous Transactions Fiber and Tower Acquisitions, Sale-Leasebacks, and Dark Fiber IRU's
- Entered into First OpCo/PropCo Structure with Macquarie Infrastructure Partners
- Over 90% of Revenue Remaining Under Contract has Little to No Associated Churn
- Nearly \$10 Billion of Consolidated Revenue Under Contract⁽¹⁾; Increase of 30% from Prior Year Period, Excluding Windstream Lease



A Proven Process for Evaluating and Executing Value Creating Transactions

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- Solid Operational Performance in Each of Our Business Segments
- Continued Uninterrupted Investments to Support Our Organic Business Growth and Smaller, Accretive M&A
- Working Through the Challenges Following Windstream Bankruptcy Filing
- Expect Windstream Will Successfully Navigate the Reorganization Process
- Open to Pursuing Mutually Beneficial Outcomes with Windstream

Focused on the Interests of Our Stockholders, Employees, Customers, and Other Partners

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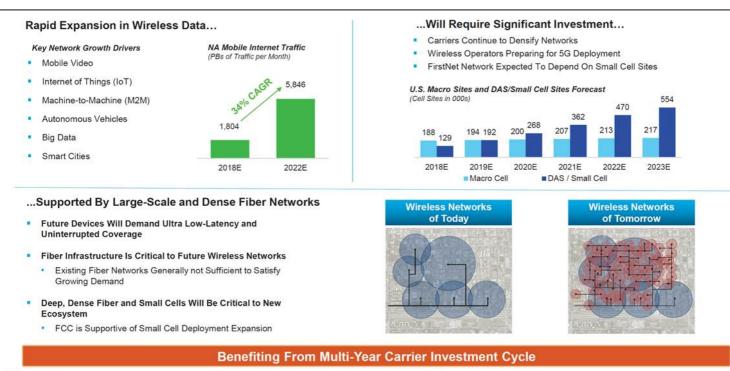
- Uniti's Master Lease Agreement with Windstream Remains in Full Effect
- Our Fundamental View of the Lease is Unchanged
- Windstream Has Stated its Intent to Continue Operations in the Ordinary Course
- Windstream Remains Current on Lease Payments
 - March through June Lease Payments were Paid in Full and On Time
- Lease Must be Assumed or Rejected in Whole During Bankruptcy Proceedings by September 23, 2019
- Absent Uniti's Consent, Assumption Requires Full Compliance with the Lease Terms, Including Rent Payments
- FCC Issued Multiple Statements Regarding Importance of Windstream's Continued Customer Service

Access to Uniti's Network Under the Lease is Critical to Windstream's Operations

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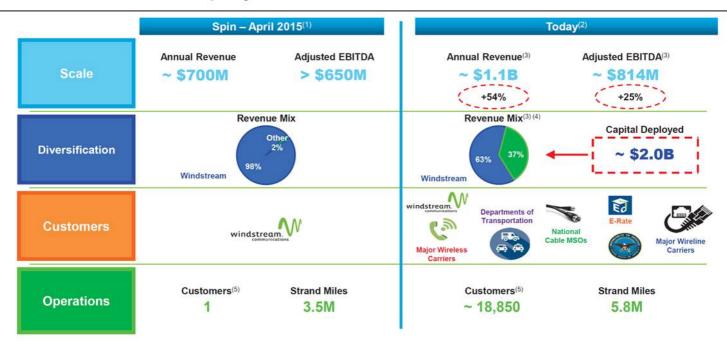
Fiber is The New Mission Critical Asset



6

Uniti Source: ATLANTIC-ACM. Cisco Visual Networking Index, S&P Global Market Intelligence and FirstNet

Uniti's Profile Has Rapidly Evolved



(1) Information as of April 30, 2015. (2) Cached Deployation, Customer and (3) Annual Revenue, Adjunted BDIDJ (3) Annual Revenue, Adjunted BDIDJ (4) Encludes amontaer Items. (4) Encludes amontaer Items. udes the Bluebird transaction and the sale of Unit Fibe res in full force and effect, and that Windstream contin r's Midwest operations, which are both expected to clos ues to make all lease payments on time and in accordance with Windsteam resultion in accounting for the Max Earnings 19, and as April 2, 20

ve. and exclude Connections related to Talk America

Towers and Fiber – Highly Attractive Models

	Uniti Fiber - Dark Fiber	Uniti Leasing	Uniti Towers	
Useful Economic Life ⁽¹⁾	~ 50 Year	~ 50 Year	~ 50 Year	
Initial Term ⁽²⁾	10 – 20 Years	15 – 20 Years	5 – 10 Years	
Initial Yields ⁽²⁾	5% – 7%	7% – 10%+	5% – 7%+	
Lease-up Potential	48-288 Fiber Strands per Cable	Unused Fiber Strands under Shared Infrastructure Agreements	Generally limited to 3-4 Tenants Per Tower	
Expected Customer Churn	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	
Average Remaining Contract Term ⁽³⁾	18.9 Years	11.8 Years	5.9 Years	
Revenues under Contract ⁽³⁾	\$550 Million	\$8.3 Billion	\$60 Million	

Shared Infrastructure with Similar Attractive Economics

Note: Statistics are indicative of cur

(1) Based on estimated original useful economic life of towers, and fiber. (2) Illustrative of representative transactions, including U.S. for towers. (3) Revenues Under Contract are as of March 31, 2019 and give effect for the BU red on January 1, 2019. Contri

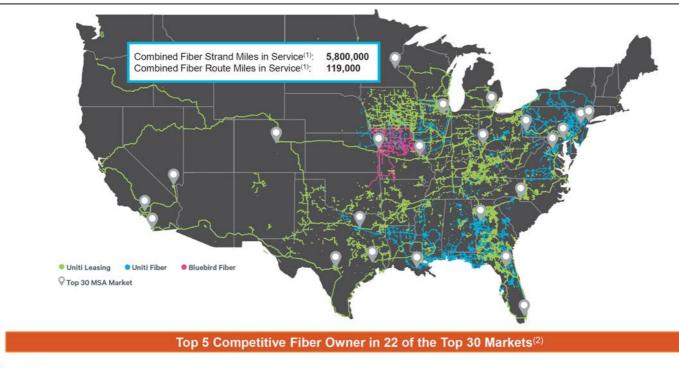
Uniti Strategic Asset Portfolio

Business Units	Uniti Towers		Uniti Leasing		
Assets	Macro Towers	Small Cell Nodes	Backhaul Tower Connections	Fiber Strand Miles	Fiber Strand Miles ⁽¹⁾
Units Owned	504	2,875 ⁽²⁾	6,300 ⁽²⁾	1,700,000	4,100,000
Utilization Rate ⁽³⁾	25%	17%	29%	24%	23%
Incremental Gross Margin %	~ 100%	70% - 95%	80% - 90%	85% - 100%	90% - 100%
Incremental Yield ⁽⁴⁾	~ 100%	10% - 40%	15% - 45%	30% - 100%	~ 100%

Significant Leasable Capacity with Attractive Incremental Yields

(1) Unit Leasing for stand miles give af (2) Represents unique small cell nodes and (3) Utilization rate provided by remarks with (4) Incremental yield is calculated as anouon January 1, 2019. ervice or part of Uniti Fiber's backlog. due reliance on the utilization rate.

Combined Network Footprint



() Combined fiber strand and fiber route miles in service give effect for the Bluebird transaction as if it had closed on January 1, 2019. (2) Based on data from Coven Equity Research.

Uniti Fiber Overview



Annual Revenue⁽¹⁾: \$337 Million Annual Adjusted EBITDA⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾: \$128 Million Fiber Strand Miles: 1.7 Million Capital Deployed⁽³⁾: ~ \$1.6 Billion



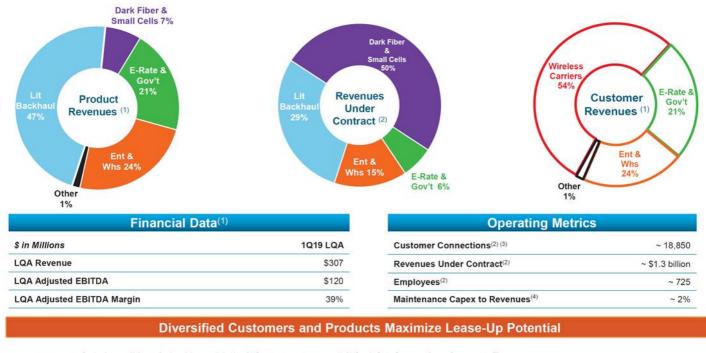
- Leverage DFTT Backhaul and Small Cell Awards to Grow Metro Fiber Footprint with Deep, Dense and High Strand Count Fiber that can be Monetized for New Customers and Applications
- 14 Large DFTT and Small Cell Projects Currently Under Construction with National Wireless Carriers as Anchor Tenant
- Upon Completion, these Projects Will Add ~\$20 Million of Annualized Incremental Revenue and ~100,000 Fiber Strand Miles
- Majority of Projects Expected to be Complete by End of 2019, with Remaining Projects Completed by 2020
- Anchor Yields Typically Range from 5% 7% Over 20 Year Terms
- Expect Lease-up Sales to Accelerate as Construction is Completed in Each Market

DFTT Provides the Foundation for Future Growth Potential to Achieve Lease-up Yields > 15%



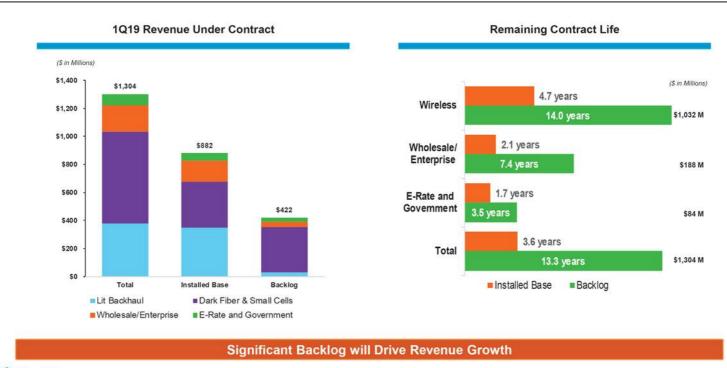
(1) Based on the mid-point of 2019 Cultook range provided in the Company's Earnings Release dated May 9, 2019. 2019 Outlook includes the sale of Unit Fiber's Midwest operations, which is expected to close by the end of 3Q19, and the M² transaction, which closed on March 25, 2019.
 (2) See Appendix for a reconciliation of non-GAAP metrics to the most closely comparable GAAP metric.
 (3) Capital deployed represent agregate purchase price of acquired entities.

Uniti Fiber at a Glance



 Based on first quarter 2019 results. See Appendix for a reconcilation of non-GAAP metrics to the most close
 As of March 31, 2019. Revenues under contract exclude ITS and are subject to termination under certain c
 Customer Connections are the sum of billing units for LIT circuits, dark fiber segments and small cell sites.
 Based on management's estimate. nparable GAAP metric. Product Revenues and Customer Revenues exclude ITS. ns and/or may not be renewed. Actual revenue under contract could vary materially

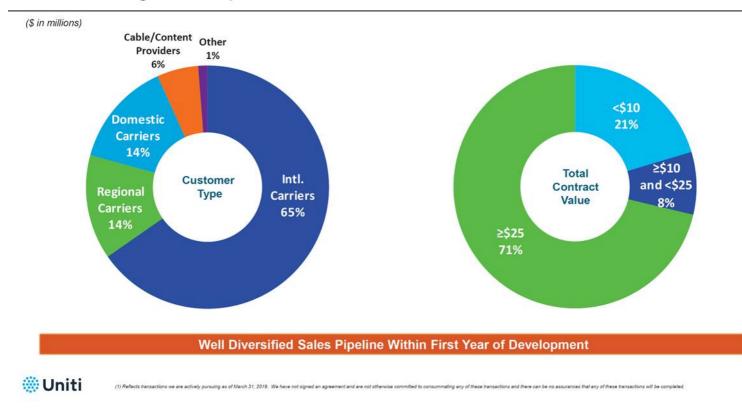
Uniti Fiber Revenues Under Contract



Uniti Leasing Overview



Uniti Leasing Sales Pipeline⁽¹⁾



Summary of Uniti Leasing Transactions

		🎇 Century Link -	CableSouth media3	National MSO	BLUEPRO
Transaction Type	Sale Lease-Back	Acquisition of Fiber Portfolio / Leasing to Third Parties	Sale Lease-Back	Dark Fiber Lease-Up on Current Portfolio	Lease of Acquired and Existing Fiber Assets
Initial Term	15 Years	25 Years	20 Years	20 Years	20 Years
Initial Cash Lease Payment ⁽²⁾	\$8.8 Million	~ \$2 Million	\$2.9 Million	~ \$5 Million	~ \$20.3 Million
Yield ⁽³⁾	9.3%	<1 Year Payback	9.3%	~ 100%	9.6%
Leased Fiber Strand Miles ⁽⁴⁾	38,000	30,000	34,000	41,000	258,000
Uniti Exclusive Use Fiber Strand Miles ⁽⁵⁾	7,000	270,000	9,000		

Positive Momentum on Lease-Up of Network

(1) Bluebird transaction is expected to (2) (2) Amount presented in addition to al (3) Calculated as inbia cach lease payr (4) TPA: CableSouth, and Bluebird lease (9) Represents acquired fleer that Unit ed by Unit's r the fiber assets. TPx, Cable with and Bluebird yields represent in based fiber represents the fiber that nal MSO yield repr I MSO

Uniti Leasing Transaction Comparisons⁽¹⁾

	windstream		CableSouth media3	BLUEPRO
Initial Term	15 Years	15 Years	20 Years	20 Years
Initial Cash Lease Payment ⁽³⁾	\$650 Million	\$8.8 Million	\$2.9 Million	~ \$20.3 Million
Yield ⁽⁴⁾	8.1%	9.3%	9.3%	9.6%
Exclusive Use of Fiber by Tenant	Yes	Partial	Partial	Yes
Annual Escalator	0.5%	1.5%	2.0%	Mix of Fixed and Variable Revenue Share Component
Transaction Multiple ⁽⁵⁾	12.3x	10.8x	10.8x	10.4x
Leased Fiber Strand Miles ⁽⁶⁾	~ 3,300,000	38,000	34,000	258,000

Windstream Master Lease Agreement In-Line with Recent Transactions

(1) Transact are of df (2) Bluebrd (3) Amount, (4) Calculat (5) Calculat (6) Represe ns involved only CLEC assets, while others involved both ILEC and CLEC assets, the transactions ing any conclusions from the presentation set forth above. For example, certain of the tr ese factors could impact the value of the transactions and implied vield and multiples.

to all expenses commonly paid by tenants under tripl re payment divided by Unit's initial net cash investment t cash investment in the fiber assets divided by the in leaged to ash common

ets. Reflects initial investment, not current valuation thereof. syment. Reflects initial investment, not current valuation thereof.

Uniti Towers Overview



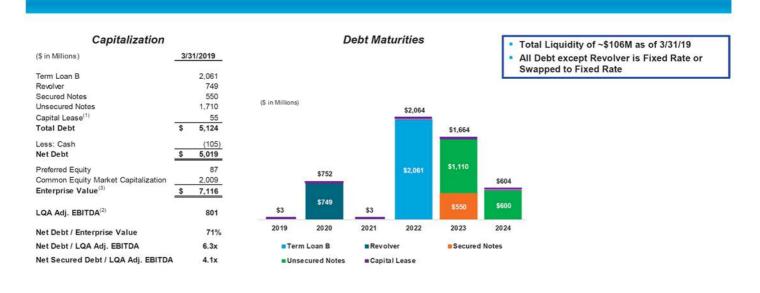
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- Sale of LATAM Tower Portfolio for ~\$100 Million⁽¹⁾
 - ~37.5x 2018 Adjusted EBITDA⁽²⁾ of ~\$2.7 Million
 - ~500 Towers Across Mexico, Colombia and Nicaragua
 - Purchased by Phoenix Towers International
- Realizes Significant Value for Our Stockholders
 - Economic Gain of ~\$21 Million⁽³⁾
 - Represents Unlevered IRR of ~27% over 3 Year Timeframe⁽⁴⁾
- Closed on April 2, 2019

Strengthens Uniti's Focus on U.S. Tower Development

Sale prices subject to final adjustment.
 See Appendix for a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to Net Income, the most closely comparable GAAP metric.
 See Appendix for a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to Net Income, the most closely comparable GAAP metric.
 Calculated as sale price of LATAM towe portfolio less capital invested into the business. Including the acquisitions of MMS and Summit. On both a reported GAAP and tax basis, the pre-tax gain on the sale was -524 million.
 Internal rate of return is based on the timing of pre-tax cash network of more protolio, and universed clapital invested into the business. including the acquisitions of NMS and Summit. over a 3 year time period.

Current Capitalization



Expect Liquidity to Build Throughout 2019 Prior to Closing of Bluebird Transaction

Note: Presented in accordance with Debt Agreements and not GAAP accounting standards. Amounts may not foot due to rounding. Amounts not adjusted for unamortized discount and debt or equity issuance costs.
(1) Capital leases are reliated to IRUs.
(2) See Appendix for exencibilition of Adjusted EBITDA to Net Income, the most closely comparable GAAP metric.
(3) See Appendix for explanation of Enterprise Value calculation. Market data as of June 5, 2019.

Uniti Facts

S&P 400 Mid-Cap Company	Contractual Net Lease Revenue ⁽¹⁾	Uniti Fiber	Uniti Towers
~ \$7.1B	~ \$8.3B	~ \$1.3B	504
Enterprise Value	Revenue Under Contract	Revenue Under Contract ⁽⁴⁾	U.S. Owned Towers
Annual Revenue ⁽²⁾	Net Leverage ⁽³⁾	Net Secured Leverage ⁽³⁾	Near Term Debt Maturities
~ \$1.1B	6.3x	4.1x	15%
Fiber Strand Miles	Leasing Segment EBITDA Margin	Cumulative Investments ⁽⁵⁾	Annual Maintenance Capex ⁽⁶⁾
5.8M	99%	~ \$2.0B	~ \$7M
	First Diversified Communi	cation Infrastructure REIT	

Het Dekt or Net Secured Dekt, as applicable, to Annualized Adjusted EBITCA Inseed on last quarter ennualized).
 Ochrotect are subject to termination under contract could vary materially:
 Contract are subject to termination under contract could vary materially:
 Represents aggregate purchase price of acquired entities, TPr. CableSouth, and Bluebird transactions, and fiber acquisition from CenturyLink.
 Based on management's estimate.



Appendix

Reconciliation of Uniti Fiber Non-GAAP Financial Measures (1)

\$ in Millions

	Uniti Fiber 1Q19	Uniti 1Q19
let income	\$2.9	\$2.5
Depreciation and amortization	28.3	103.8
Interest expense (income)	(0.1)	84.5
Income tax expense (benefit)	(2.1)	4.1
EBITDA	\$29.0	\$194.8
Stock-based compensation	0.4	1.9
Transaction related costs & Other	0.6	3.6
Adjusted EBITDA	\$30.0	\$200.3
Annualized Adjusted EBITDA ⁽²⁾	\$120.0	\$801.2

Uniti (1) Amounts may not foot due to rounding. (2) Annualized Adjusted EBITDA is defined as Adjusted EBITDA multiplied by 4

\$ in Millions

	2019 Current Outlook ⁽²⁾					
	Leasing ⁽²⁾	Uniti Fiber ⁽²⁾	Uniti Towers ⁽²⁾	CLEC ⁽²⁾	Corporate ⁽²⁾	Uniti ⁽²⁾
Net (loss) income	\$426	<mark>\$16</mark>	\$15	\$1	(\$410)	\$48
Depreciation and amortization	269	117	6	1	-	394
Interest expense (income)	-	(2)	(1)	-	377	374
Income tax expense (benefit) ⁽³⁾	10	(4)	4	-	-	10
EBITDA	\$706	\$127	\$24	\$2	(\$33)	\$826
Stock-based compensation	•	1	1	-	6	8
Transaction related costs & Other ⁽⁴⁾	-	-	(24)	-	4	(20)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$707	\$128	\$1	\$2	(\$24)	\$814

Amounts may not fool due to rounding.
 Amounts may not fool due to rounding.
 2019 Outlook staged on the mic-point of 2019 Outlook range provided in the Company's Earnings Release dated May 9, 2019. Out 2019 outlook assumes the Windstream lease continues in full force and effect, and that Windstream continues to make all lease payments on time and in accordance with the Mater Lease with Windstream as a result of our adoption of ASC 842, incremental Tenant Capital Improvement, and related revenues, lunded by Windstream in the first quarker of 2018, the AFPC Impact of cash takes related to the Subadom and the first quarker of 2018, the AFPC Impact of cash takes related to the status cancellation of deput the status

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We refer to EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, Funds From Operations ("FFO") as defined by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT") and Adjusted Funds From Operations ("AFFO") in our analysis of our results of operations, which are not required by, or presented in accordance with, accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). While we believe that net income, as defined by GAAP, is the most appropriate earnings measure, we also believe that EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, FFO and AFFO are important non-GAAP supplemental measures of operating performance for a REIT.

We define "EBITDA" as net income, as defined by GAAP, before interest expense, provision for income taxes and depreciation and amortization. We define "Adjusted EBITDA" as EBITDA before stock-based compensation expense and the impact, which may be recurring in nature, of transaction and integration related costs, collectively "Transaction Related Costs", the write off of unamortized deferred financing costs, costs incurred as a result of the early repayment of debt, gains or losses on dispositions, changes in the fair value of contingent consideration and financial instruments, and other similar items. We believe EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are important supplemental measures to net income because they provide additional information to evaluate our operating performance on an unleveraged basis. In addition, Adjusted EBITDA is calculated similar to defined terms in our material debt agreements used to determine compliance with GAAP. So they should not be considered as alternatives to net income determined in accordance with GAAP.

Because the historical cost accounting convention used for real estate assets requires the recognition of depreciation expense except on land, such accounting presentation implies that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. However, since real estate values have historically risen or fallen with market and other conditions, presentations of operating results for a REIT that use historical cost accounting for depreciation could be less informative. Thus, NAREIT created FFO as a supplemental measure of operating performance for REITs that excludes historical cost depreciation and amortization, among other items, from net income, as defined by GAAP, FFO is defined by NAREIT as net income attributable to common shareholders computed in accordance with GAAP, excluding gains or losses from real estate dispositions, plus real estate dispositions.

The Company defines AFFO, as FFO excluding (i) transaction and integration costs; (ii) certain non-cash revenues and expenses such as stock-based compensation expense, amortization of debt and equity discounts, amortization of deferred financing costs, depreciation and amortization of non-real estate assets, straight line revenues, non-cash income taxes, and the amortization of other non-cash revenues to the extent that cash has not been received, such as revenue associated with the amortization of tenant capital improvements; (iii) the impact, which may be recurring in nature, of the write-off of unamortized deferred financing fees, additional costs incurred as a result of early repayment of debt, gains or losses on dispositions, changes in the fair value of contingent consideration and financial instruments and similar items less maintenance capital expenditures. We believe that the use of FFO and AFFO, and their respective per share amounts, combined with the required GAAP presentations, improves the understanding of operating results of REITs among investors compare our operating performance between periods and to other REITs on a consistent basis without having to account for differences caused by unanticipated items and events, such as transaction and integration related costs. The Company uses FFO and AFFO, and their respective per share amounts, only as performance measures, and FFO do not purport to be indicative of cash available to fund our future cash requirements. While FFO and AFFO are relevant and widely used measures of perating performance of REITs, they do not represent cash flows from operations or net income as defined by GAAP and should not be considered an alternative to those measures in evaluating our liquidity or operating performance.

Further, our computations of EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, FFO and AFFO may not be comparable to that reported by other REITs or companies that do not define FFO in accordance with the current NAREIT definition or that interpret the current NAREIT definition or define EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and AFFO differently than we do.



4G: The fourth generation of cellular wireless standards that is widely deployed by cellular operators today with the ability to transport data at rates up to 100 MBPS Internet access for mobile users.

5G: The fifth generation of cellular wireless standards that is in trial stages today, with expected wide scale deployment over the next couple of years, and has the ability to transport data at rates up to 1 GBPS for initially stationary users and eventually mobile users.

Adjusted EBITDA: Adjusted EBITDA is defined as EBITDA less stock-based compensation expense and the impact, which may be recurring in nature, of acquisition and transaction and integration related expenses, the write off of unamortized deferred financing costs, costs incurred as a result of the early repayment of debt, changes in the fair value of contingent consideration and financial instruments, and other similar items.

Backbone: A major fiber optic network that interconnects smaller networks including regional and metropolitan networks. It is the through-portion of a transmission network, as opposed to laterals and spurs which branch off to connect customer locations.

Bandwidth Infrastructure: Lit and dark bandwidth provided over fiber networks. These services are commonly used to transport telecom services, such as wireless, data, voice, Internet and video traffic between locations. These locations frequently include cellular towers, network-neutral and network specific data centers, carrier hotels, mobile switching centers, CATV head ends and satellite uplink sites, ILEC central offices, and other key buildings that house telecommunications and computer equipment. Bandwidth Infrastructure services that are lit (i.e., provided by using optronics that "light" the fiber) include Ethernet and Wavelength services. Bandwidth Infrastructure services that are not lit are sold as dark-fiber capacity.

Cell Site: A site where antennae and electronic communications equipment are placed on a radio mast or tower generally 200 to 400 feet above the ground to create a cell in a cellular network. A cell site is composed of a tower or other elevated structure for mounting antennae, and one or more sets of transmitter/receiver transceivers, digital signal processors, control electronics, a GPS receiver, regular and backup electrical power sources, and sheltering.

Churn: Decline in MRR, such as disconnects, bandwidth downgrades, and price reductions. Includes decline in MRR related to lit backhaul sites converting to dark fiber.

Conduit: A pipe, usually made of metal, ceramic or plastic, that protects buried fiber optic cables.

Core Revenue: Represents revenue principally generated from leasing and lit services of the fiber network, as well as revenues that are ancillary to the fiber network, including managed services and equipment sales.



Dark Fiber: Fiber that has not yet been connected to telecommunications transmission equipment or optronics and, therefore, has not yet been activated or "lit".

Enterprise Value: Net Debt plus fair value of preferred equity plus market value of outstanding common stock and OP units.

Ethernet: Ethernet is the standard local area network (LAN) protocol. Ethernet was originally specified to connect devices on a company or home network as well as to a cable modem or DSL modem for Internet access. Due to its ubiquity in the LAN, Ethernet has become a popular transmission protocol in metropolitan, regional and long haul networks as well.

Fiber Optics: Fiber, or fiber optic cables, are thin filaments of glass through which light beams are transmitted over long distances.

Fiber Strand Miles: Fiber strand miles are the number of route miles in a network multiplied by the number of fiber strands within each cable on the network. For example, if a ten mile network segment has a 24 count fiber installed, it would represent 10 x 24 or 240 fiber miles.

FTT (Fiber-to-the-Tower): FTT are laterals or spurs that connect cell sites to the wider terrestrial network via fiber optic connections.

Gross Installs: MRR related to services that have been installed and are billable in a given period. Includes MRR related to new services installed and bandwidth upgrades.

Integration Capex: Capital expenditures made specifically with respect to recent acquisitions that are essential to integrating acquired companies in our business.

Lateral/Spur: An extension from the main or core portion of a network to a customer's premises or other connection point.

LTE Network: Long-term evolution network can be used to provide 4G cellular networks that are capable of providing high speed (up to 100 Mbps) cellular data services.

Maintenance Capex: Capital expenditures related to maintaining and preserving the existing network and related equipment.

Mbps: A measure of telecommunications transmission speed. One megabit equals one million bits of information.

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Mobile Switching Centers: Buildings where wireless service providers house their Internet routers and voice switching equipment.

Monthly Churn Rate: Monthly churn rate is calculated as monthly Churn divided by MRR on the last day of the preceding period.

MRR (Monthly recurring revenue): Monthly recurring revenue recognized based on the price that the customer is expected to pay, including monthly revenue recognized related to the amortization of upfront payments by customers. Our presentation of MRR is not a guarantee of future revenues and should not be viewed as a predictor of future annual revenues.

Net Debt: Principal amount of debt outstanding, less unrestricted cash and cash equivalents.

Net Secured Debt: Principal amount of secured debt outstanding, less unrestricted cash and cash equivalents.

Net Success-Based Capex: Success-Based Capex less associated upfront customer payments. Does not include net capital expenditures related to integration, maintenance, and other, such as IT-related capex.

NOC: Network operations center is a location that is used to monitor networks, troubleshoot network degradations and outages, and ensure customer network outages and other network degradations are restored.

Nodes: Points on a network that can receive, create, or transmit communication services.

Optronics: Various types of equipment that are commonly used to light fiber. Optronics include systems that are capable of providing Ethernet, Wavelengths, and other service over fiber optic cable.

Revenues Under Contract: Total revenue contract value entitled to be received pursuant to existing contracts, some of which may be past their expiration date and currently on a month to month basis. A portion of these contracts are subject to renewal each year, and there can be no assurances that the contracts will be renewed at all or, if they are renewed, that the renewal will not provide for lower rates.

Route miles: Route miles are the length, measured in non-overlapping miles, of a fiber network. Route miles are distinct from fiber strand miles, which is the number of route miles in a network multiplied by the number of fiber strands within each conduit on the network.

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Sales Bookings: MRR in a given period relating to orders that have been signed by the customer and accepted by order management.

Small Cells: A site where antennae, electronic communications equipment and power are placed on a utility pole, street light pole or other structure that are generally 25 feet from the ground to create a cell with a smaller radius than that of a Cell Site. By reducing the distance between the antennae, electronic communication equipment and mobile user equipment, small cells can transport data at faster speeds than from a Cell Site. Small cells are connected the cellular network by fiber to a close Cell Site.

Success-Based Capex: Gross capital expenditures related to installing existing or anticipated contractual customer service orders. Does not include capital expenditures related to integration, maintenance, and other, such as IT-related capex.

Switch: A switch is an electronic device that selects the path that voice, data, and Internet traffic take or use on a network.

Tower: A free standing tower made of steel generally 200 to 400 feet above the ground with a triangular base and three to four sides built on leased parcels of land. Most towers can accommodate Multiple Cell Sites (and multiple tenants).

Transport: A telecommunication service to move data, Internet, voice, video, or wireless traffic from one location to another.

Wavelength: A channel of light that carries telecommunications traffic through the process of wavelength division multiplexing.

